



What are relevant basic numeracy skills in 2030? And how can we teach them?

EBSN annual conference 2022
VHS, Vienna, Austria

Numeracy is a human activity
Numeracy is functional and highly practical

Kees Hoogland (HU); 9th June, 2021





Biodermal®

**Hot Sun
Cream**

Beschermt
uw huid
tegen de
felle zon

SPF
10
water
resistent



Biodermal®

**Hot Sun
Cream**

Beschermt
uw gezicht
tegen
de felle zon

SPF
12
water
resistent



Biodermal®

**Hot-Sun
Milk**

Beschermt
uw lichaam
tegen de felle zon

SPF
10
water
resistent



Biodermal®

**Sun-
Cream**

Beschermt
en verzorgt
uw gezicht

SPF
8
water
resistent



Biodermal®

Sun-Milk

Beschermt
en verzorgt
uw huid

SPF
6
water
resistent



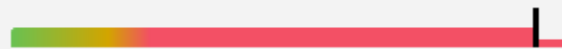
Besmettingen



Positieve testen

Aantal positief geteste mensen

6.575 ↑ Waarde van 14 januari 2021



Besmettelijke mensen

Aantal besmettelijke mensen

140.833 ↓ Waarde van 31 december 2020

R

Reproductiegetal

Meest recente reproductiegetal

0,95 ↑ Waarde van 25 december 2020



Sterfte

Gemeld aantal personen overleden aan COVID-19 per dag

89 Waarde van 14 januari 2021

Verdeling positief geteste mensen in Nederland

Deze kaarten laten zien van hoeveel mensen gisteren is gemeld dat ze positief getest zijn op COVID-19, per 100.000 inwoners.

Per gemeente

Per veiligheidsregio

Aantal per 100.000 inwoners

0 4 7 10 20 30



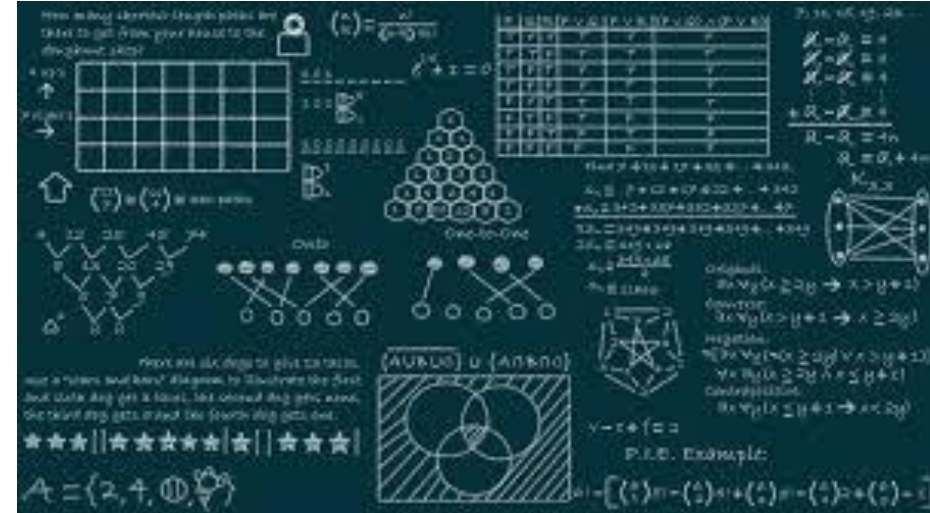
Waarde van donderdag 14 januari · Bron: [RIVM](#)

The Mathematisation of Society

Situations



	Renogy Wanderer 30A Li PWM Charge Controller	Renogy Rover 20A Li MPPT Charge Controller	Renogy Rover 40A Li MPPT Charge Controller
Battery Type	Sealed, gel, flooded, and lithium	Sealed, gel, flooded, and lithium	Sealed, gel, flooded, and lithium
Charge Stage	4	4	4
LCD Display	-	✓	✓
Grounding Type	Negative	Negative	Negative
Nominal system voltage	12 VDC	12V/24V DC	12V/24V DC
System Capacity	400W	200W (12 Volt) / 400W (24 Volt)	400W (12 Volt) / 800W (24 Volt)
Bluetooth Module Compatible	✓	✓	✓
Dimensions	6.5 x 4.3 x 1.8 in.	5.9 x 8.3 x 2.3 in.	6.8 x 9.4 x 2.8 in.



Microsoft Excel - Book1

File Edit View Insert Format Tools Data Window Help Adobe PDF

	A	B	C	D	E
	Expense	Jan	Feb	Mar	
1	Expense	Jan	Feb	Mar	
2	Phone	\$45.65	\$56.83	\$42.58	
3	Insurance	\$75.80	\$75.80	\$75.80	
4	Rent	\$750.00	\$750.00	\$750.00	
5	Totals	\$871.45	\$882.63	\$868.38	
6					

Wallpaper Calculator

Wall width (m)

Wall height (m)

Wallpaper width (cm)

Roll length (m)

Pattern Repeat (cm)



The Mathematisation of Society

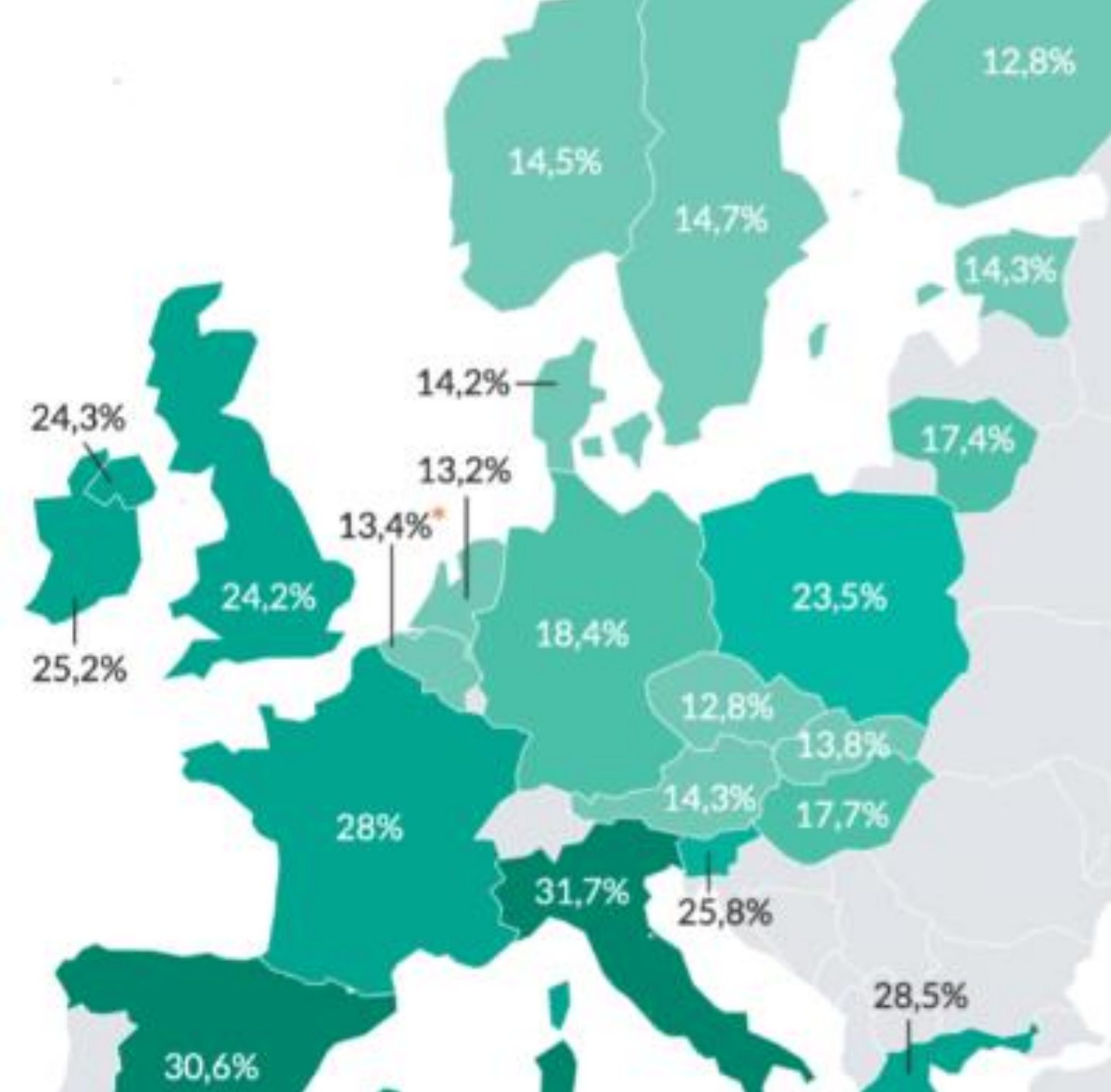
Individuals acting in numeracy/mathematical situations



Mathematisation of Society - minidoc as part of Inaugural Lecture
Kees Hoogland (2nd June 2021)

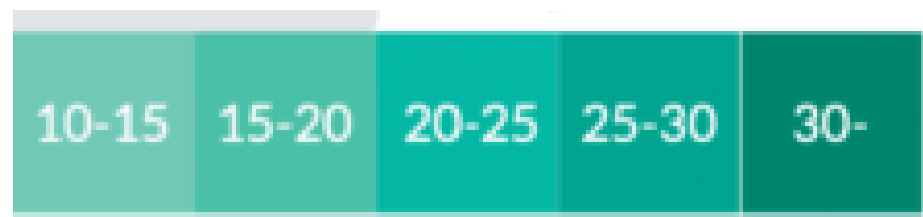
Numeracy • 10 weergaven • 1 week geleden

Mathematisation of Society - minidoc as part of Inaugural Lecture Kees Hoogland (2nd June, 2021)
Producer: Marleen Stoker at Mokermmedia marleenstoker.com



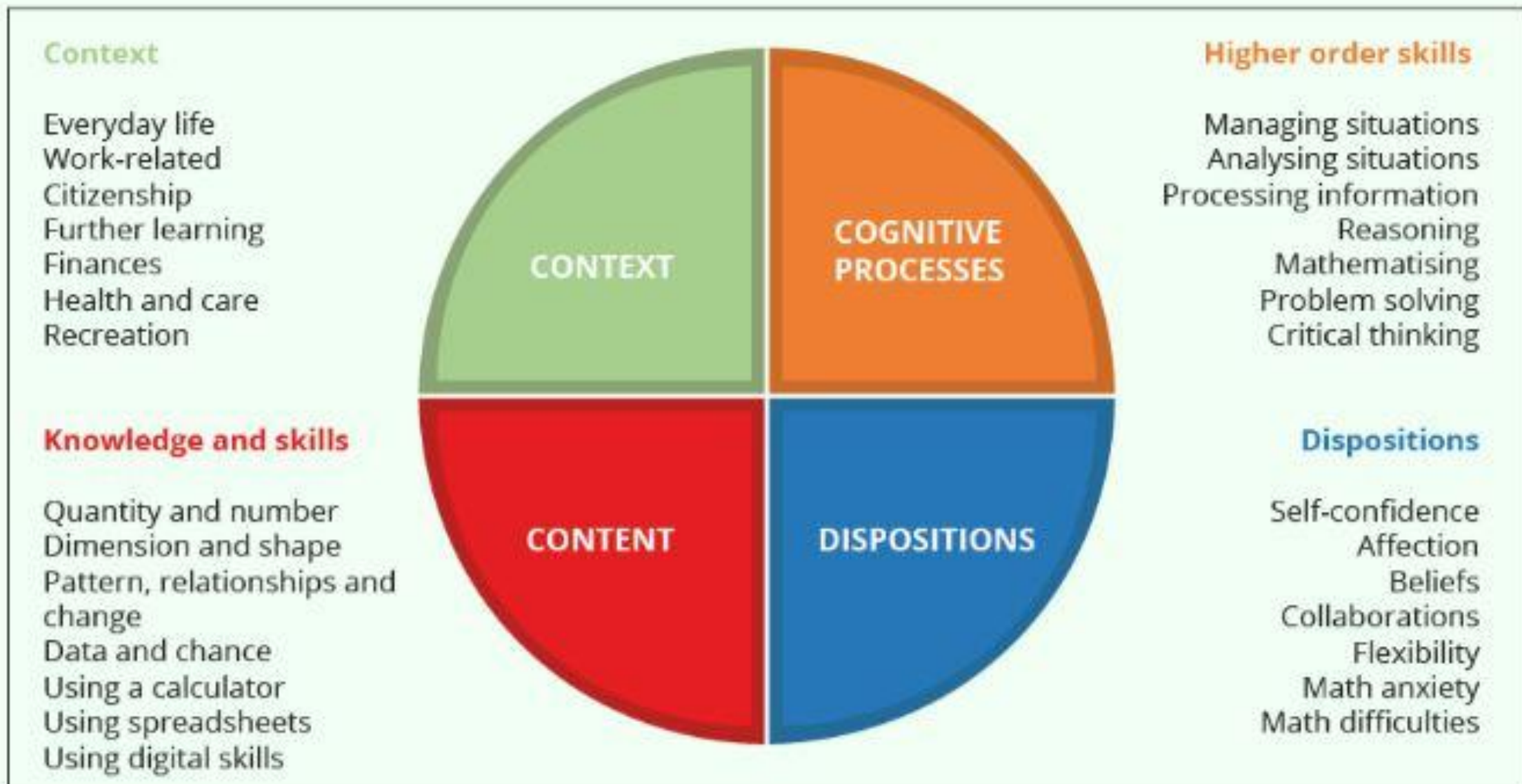
Source: Survey of Adult Skills (PIAAC) (2012, 2015, 2018) as indicated in Table A2.3 in Skills Matter Additional results from the survey of Adult skills (Annex A) – OECD 2019.

Percentage of adults scoring at proficiency level 1 and below in numeracy



OECD average 23,5%

What matters to improve numerate behavior



Numeracy as social practice (NSP)

“... **aggregate** of skills, knowledge, beliefs, dispositions, habits of mind, communication capabilities, and problem-solving skills that individuals need in order to **autonomously engage and effectively manage** numeracy situations that involve numbers, quantitative or quantifiable information, or visual or textual information that is based on mathematical ideas or has embedded mathematical elements”. (See Gall, 2000, p.6)

NSP acknowledges the great efforts from the past:
ALL, IALS, PIAAC, ACER, ..., ..., ...
It will be developed further by many.

Conceptually inspired by:

- Situated cognition
- Cultural-historical activity theory (CHAT)
- Literacy as social practice (LSP)
- Ethnomathematics

“A **social practice view of numeracy** not only takes into account the different contexts in which numeracy is practised, such as school, college, work and home, but also how people’s life and histories, goals, values and attitudes will influence the way they carry out numeracy”.

(See Oughton, 2013)



EDITED BY KEIKO YASUKAWA, ALAN ROGERS,
KARA JACKSON AND BRIAN V. STREET

NUMERACY AS
SOCIAL PRACTICE

Global and local perspectives

(See Yasukawa et al., 2018)

Educational activities

- Numeracy conversation
- Counteract math anxiety (Talk about it!)
- Exploring the quantitative world around you
 - e.g., Using pictures of real life situations
- Working on awareness of personal successful numerical behaviour (What are people able of?)
- Discuss themes (finance, health, climate,)
- Discuss numbers in media, news, advertisements

X1 /
X2

Y1 /
Y2





Educational activities

- Thematic courses/meetings
 - Better trading on E-Bay
 - Educational games
 - Budgeting, planning, saving
 - Cooking
 - Et cetera
- Discussing weekly experiences: critical dialogue
- Integrate into language lessons and into language support...
- Integrate into digital skills courses

Absolutely fine those broad holistic ideas and connecting with reality, this is very appropriate for our learners who will use it in a functional and practical way but first, of course, we need to

"explain"

"re-teach"

"repair"

"practice"

"remedy"

these basic calculational skills

"which they don't have"

"which they have not learned"

"which they didn't maintain enough"

"which they don't learn/teach anymore in primary school"

**Persistent
"calculational"
paradigm**

Catastrophic teaching of basic skills

1. Learn - practice - never use

Demotivation, alienation, loss of meaning.

These skills disappear or become a superficial memory item ("They never taught me this." "I can't remember this, or maybe vaguely" (but it arouses anxiety nevertheless)

2. Learning – practicing – only use in test or exam

Teaching to the test, learning to the test, fixed mindsets, no ownership, no personal development. ("Tell me exactly what to do.").

These skills do not last or badly. After test or exam rapid decrease in skills. Math anxiety is increased.

Teaching skills to use

- **Learning – practicing – using functionally**
 - In daily life: indoors and outdoors
 - In vocational situations
 - General vocations: tables, dimensions, spreadsheets
 - Specific vocations: formulas, apps,
 - In games and digital games
 - In (social) media
 - In concrete situations
 - With concrete materials

Ultimately aiming at “unconscious/unnoticed” use.

1900 - 1975

- Rise of mass education
- Industrialisation
- Capitalism: economic transactions
- Standardized procedures to calculate
- Calculations with pen-and-paper
- Decimal metric system



At school: teaching of fixed procedures - focused on mathematical structure and not on functional use

1900-1975

- Focus on **basic facts** in **formal** notations
 - $7 \times 9 =$
 - $12 + 9 =$
 - $34 - 18 =$
 - $35 : 7 =$

$1 \times 2 =$
 $2 \times 2 = 4$
 $3 \times 2 = 6$
 $4 \times 2 = 8$
 $5 \times 2 = 10$
 $6 \times 2 = 12$
 $7 \times 2 = 14$
 $8 \times 2 = 16$
 $9 \times 2 = 18$
 $10 \times 2 = 20$

1×3
 2×3
 3×3
 4×3
 5×3
 6×3
 7×3
 8×3
 9×3
 10×3



$1 \times 6 =$
 $2 \times 6 =$
 $3 \times 6 =$
 $4 \times 6 =$
 $5 \times 6 =$
 $6 \times 6 = 36$
 $7 \times 6 = 42$
 $8 \times 6 = 48$
 $9 \times 6 = 54$
 $10 \times 6 = 60$

$1 \times 7 =$
 $2 \times 7 =$
 $3 \times 7 =$
 $4 \times 7 =$
 $5 \times 7 =$
 $6 \times 7 =$
 $7 \times 7 = 49$
 $8 \times 7 = 56$
 $9 \times 7 = 63$
 $10 \times 7 = 70$

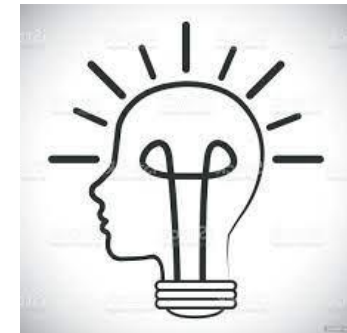
$1 \times 8 =$
 $2 \times 8 =$
 $3 \times 8 =$
 $4 \times 8 =$
 $5 \times 8 =$
 $6 \times 8 =$
 $7 \times 8 =$
 $8 \times 8 = 64$
 $9 \times 8 = 72$
 $10 \times 8 = 80$

$1 \times 9 =$
 $2 \times 9 =$
 $3 \times 9 =$
 $4 \times 9 =$
 $5 \times 9 =$
 $6 \times 9 =$
 $7 \times 9 =$
 $8 \times 9 =$
 $9 \times 9 = 81$
 $10 \times 9 = 90$

Basic calculation facts are executed by heart/instantaneously only when they are automated.

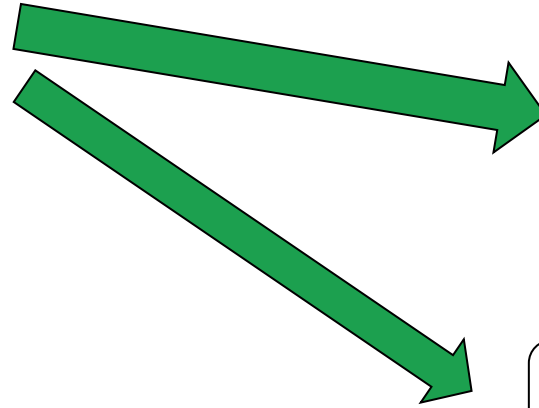
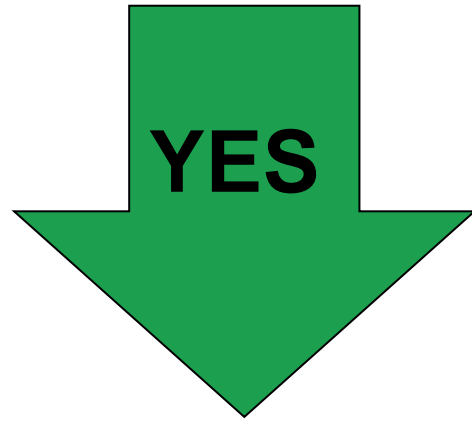
Automated = learned->practiced->used (a lot)

This is not the same as Memorizing



1900- 1975

- Were these (formal) basic facts like 6×8 and $13 - 9$ widely used?



Board Games

Estimations

Especially in all those pen-and-paper calculations that were needed to perform larger calculations with pen-and-paper.

$$\begin{array}{r} 789 \\ 56 \\ \hline \end{array} \times$$

$$\begin{array}{r} 512.693 \\ 45.678 \\ \hline \end{array} +$$

$$\begin{array}{r} 123 \\ 56 \\ \hline \end{array} -$$

$$\begin{array}{l} 35.750 : 12 = \\ \text{of} \\ 12 / 35.750 \backslash \end{array}$$

That was at that time a very functional use in study, profession and daily life

ening van de Wield Heer G. Rogers.

voor gewerkt Ferguson tractor
centraalmel op de segmenten met klein

G. S. Ruiter's Schaatsen- en Gereedschappenfabriek

Kantoor: Jacob Marisstraat 24
Werkplaats: Verl. Schrans 55
Bankrelatie: Kingma's Bank N.V. Leeuwarden
Giro No. der Bank 4349
Telefoon no.

SLUIJ- EN REPARATIE-INRICHTING - SMEDERIJ

HUIZUM, 5 April 1950.

FACTUUR voor de firma M. W. Oprecht en Zoon
H. de Boerwijk

N^o 1276

Reclames binnen 8 dagen na ontvangst goederen

Unrodderd. d. 40/50 aan de linker kromme			
Oreels n ^o 4351			
6 kindbeitels 19 NB 3/4 6 dm	-65	3.90	
6 Fellen 7 dm	-70	4.20	
6 Fellen 22 NB 3/4 8 dm	-80	4.80	
12 Beukbeitels 20 NB 3/4 12 dm	135	16.20	
12 Fellen 25 NB 3/4 14 dm	150	18.00	
12 Fellen 16 dm	160	19.20	
12 Fellen 17 dm	170	20.40	
3 Rolsbeitels 19 NB 3/4 6 dm	-65	1.95	
3 Fellen 7 dm	-70	2.10	
2 Beuk kindbeitels 26 1/4 12 dm	180	3.60	
Als nummer			
1. Stukbeitel 26 1/4 12 dm			
		185	
		96.20	

[Handwritten signature]

7 APR. 1950

Betaling binnen 8 dagen door overschrijving op onze bankrekening bij
KINGMA'S BANK N.V. LEEUWARDEN, Giro No. 4349

HOTEL Braams

GIETEN
Telefoon (05926) 2 41 - 2 42
Postgiro 83 85 96

Eigenaar J. T. H. Rijnberg

Tafel Nr.: 4 Kellner: *[Handwritten name]*

Aperitijs	5.45
2 Omelettautseps	4.00
1 Solle Frikke	10.50
1 Solle Donsild.	8.50
2 Wijn	2.60
<hr/>	
	31.05
156 Dinsu	4.65
	35.70
<hr/>	
2 kaffe (mel)	1.50
	37.20

N.V. NATIONAAL KAASREGISTERS
v/h. COORD. VAN ERK. AMSTERDAM 6949

Datum:

000641-35

196

1975 - 2050

- Calculators
- Computers
- Models (AEX, weather, ...)
- Digitization of services
- There's an App for that....



Besmettingen

Positieve testen
Aantal positief g...

6.575 ↑ Wa...

Besmettelijke mensen >
Aantal besmettelijke mensen

140.833 ↓ Waarde van 31 december 2020

R Reproductiegetal >
Meest recente reproductiegetal

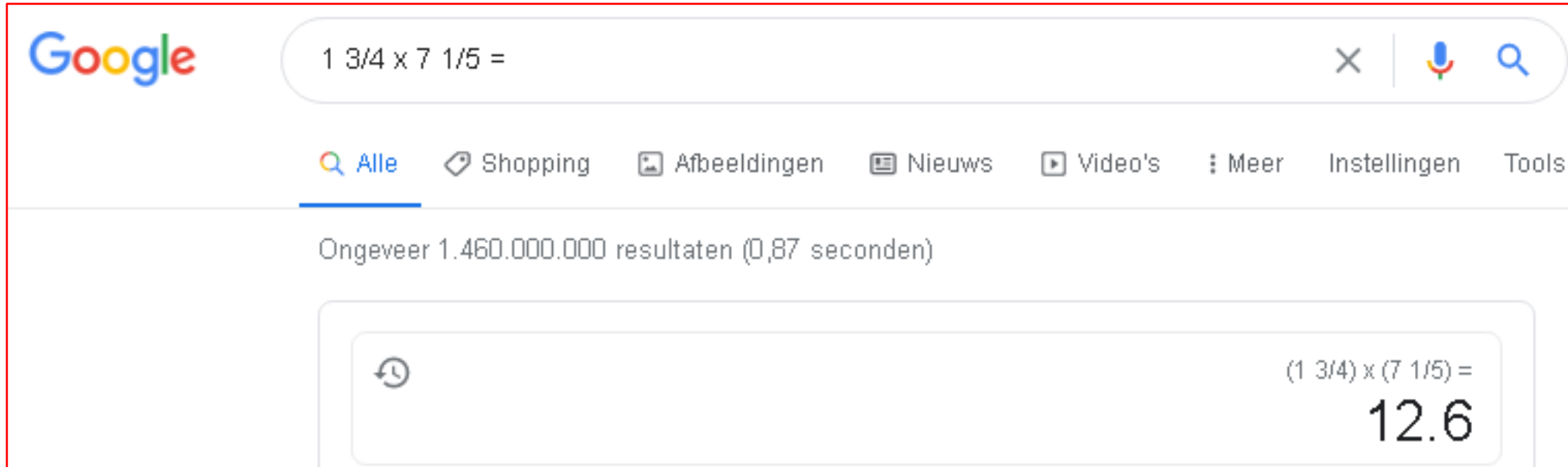
0,95 ↑ Waarde van 25 december 2020

Sterfte >
Gemeld aantal personen overleden aan COVID-19 per dag

89 Waarde van 14 januari 2021

A collection of colorful calculators with keychains, including pink, black, blue, yellow, green, and orange. The calculators are arranged in a cluster, with some overlapping. Each calculator has a small LCD screen and a numeric keypad. The keychains are made of the same material as the calculator bodies.

Basic skills in 2050



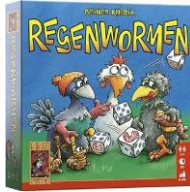
A screenshot of a Google search interface. The search bar contains the mathematical expression $1 \frac{3}{4} \times 7 \frac{1}{5} =$. Below the search bar, navigation options include "Alle", "Shopping", "Afbeeldingen", "Nieuws", "Video's", "Meer", "Instellingen", and "Tools". The search results show "Ongeveer 1.460.000.000 resultaten (0,87 seconden)". A large white box displays the result: $(1 \frac{3}{4}) \times (7 \frac{1}{5}) = 12.6$.



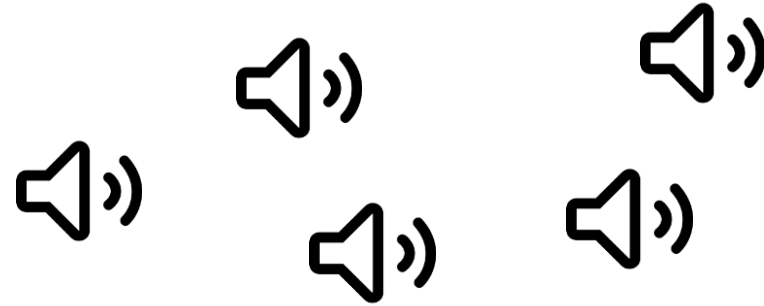
1975 – 2050 Basic facts

Unnoticed:

Games en digital games



Auditory:



Visual:



Estimate \approx

$$7 \times 11,9 \approx$$

$$12 \times 500.000 \approx$$

$$6 \times 125 \approx$$

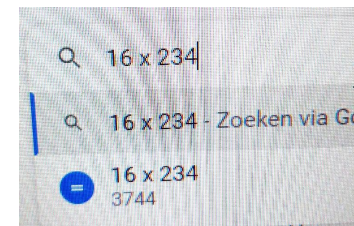
$$1000 : 71 \approx$$

$$500 \times 7 \text{ MB} \approx$$

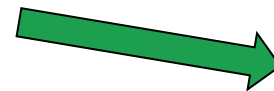
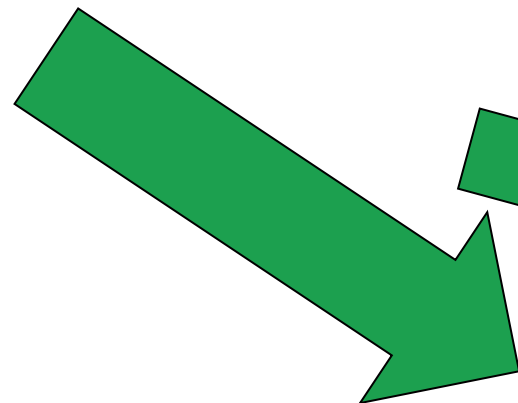
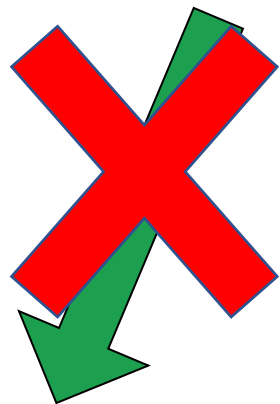
1975 - 2050

Are the basic facts like
6 x 8 and 13 - 9 still widely
used?

1975 - 2050



Are these basic facts (6 x 8 and 13 - 9) widely used?



(digital) games

Proportional reasoning

Large calculations are done with "tools"

$$\begin{array}{r} 234 \\ \mathbf{16} \\ \hline \end{array} \times \quad \begin{array}{r} 512.693 \\ 45.678 \\ \hline \end{array} + \quad \begin{array}{r} 123 \\ 56 \\ \hline \end{array}$$

35.750 : 12 =
of
12 / 35.750 \

Estimating, global arithmetic, order of magnitude, ...

≈

6 boxes of € 11,95 ≈
room of 6.3 by 4.8 ≈
1.200 x 50.000 ≈

Extra basic facts

7 x 50

6 x 25

200 : 5

1000 x 1000

Functional use

Use in recognizing and using proportions, and in calculations with percentages

persons	1	4	...	120
quantity in grams	..	600	1000	...

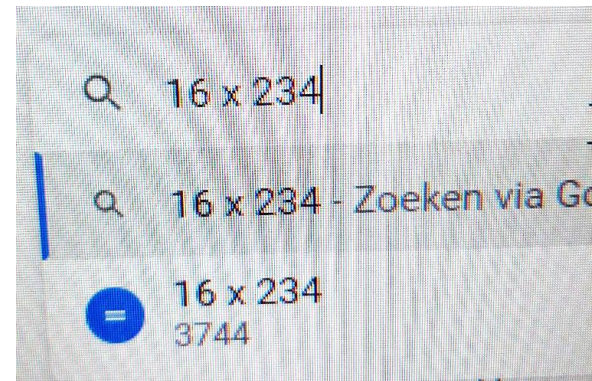
If you know a set of two, then you know the all!

Number...	...	75	...	250	...
%	1	...	50	100	121

Number...	79,95	...	129,95
%	1	21		100	121

1975 – 2050 Tools

- Use of tools is permitted !!
- Dealing well and wisely and critically with a calculator / calculation app is a skill.
So, you have to practice it a lot and consciously!!
- And then use it a lot and use it critically.
- Where are the learning materials who support the learning of how to use a calculator.
- Use calculator properly (PC, phone, web-based)?
- Use of Google etc. in a proper and sensible way?



Summary

- Learning and practicing math facts, preferably informal, in (digital) games, visual, auditory, ...
- Using calculation facts for estimates, ratio tables, conversion, ...
- Learn to master tools for calculations and use them critically (and that does not happen automatically).

Common European Numeracy Framework

This is an Erasmus+ project

In the Erasmus+ project Common European Numeracy Framework (CENF) a comprehensive numeracy framework was developed to identify key factors in improving the quality of numerate behaviour of individuals. HU University of Applied Sciences Utrecht, The Netherlands, is in charge of the project and works closely together with project partners BFI-OÖ, Linz, Austria, University of Barcelona, Spain, and University of Limerick, Ireland. A first draft of the framework will be published in November 2021. In follow-up projects the framework can be elaborated and validated through activities in the (internatiuonal) practice of numeracy education of adults.

- Introduction
- Rationale
- Project outputs

Under construction

Copyright of the content is to the Erasmus+ project CENF

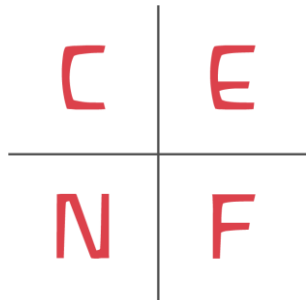
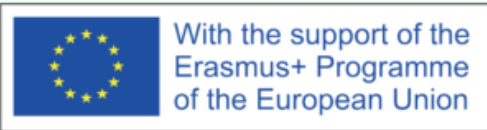
Project Partners

HU University of Applied Sciences Utrecht, The Netherlands

BFI-OÖ, Linz, Austria

University of Barcelona, Spain

University of Limerick, Ireland

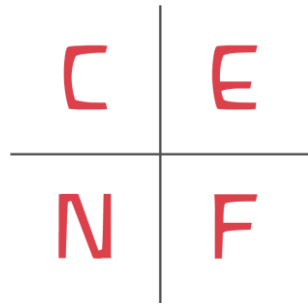


Under construction

Delivery date:
Summer 2022

- [Link to the website](#)

Common European Numeracy Framework

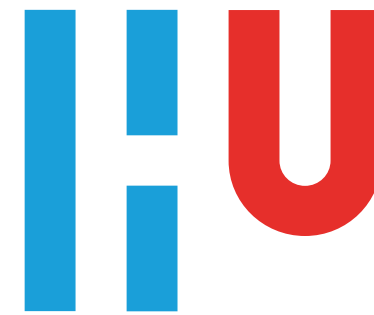


- Erasmus+ project 1 CENF
 - running from December 2018 - November 2021
 - 4 countries + networks e.g., ALM and EBSN
 - Developing a framework and professional development modules (PDM)
- Erasmus+ project 2 Numeracy in Practice NiP (**granted!**)
 - running from January 2022 – December 2024
 - 11 countries (IR, NL, BE, FR, AU, SP, IT, SL, GR, TU, PO)
+ networks e.g., ALM, EBSN, ...
 - Upscaling provisions and professional development
 - Working on awareness and critical mass



For information, collaboration, and comments, please contact Kees Hoogland

kees.hoogland@hu.nl



UNIVERSITY
OF APPLIED
SCIENCES
UTRECHT

Kees Hoogland | professor Mathematical and Analytical Competences of Professionals | Knowledge Centre Learning and Innovation | HU University of Applied Sciences Utrecht | Padualaan 97 | 3584 CH Utrecht | The Netherlands | Ph.+316 3410 1701 |

<https://www.gecijferdheid.nl/kees-hoogland-appointed-professor-of-mathematical-and-analytical-competences-of-professionals/?lang=en>

- Programme manager of Erasmus+ project: Common European Numeracy Framework
- Member of the OECD - Numeracy Expert Group - PIAAC 2nd cycle
- Trustee of Adults Learning Mathematics – A research Forum
- Fellow of the International Society for Design and Development in Education
- Chair of the Thematic Working Group - Adult Mathematics Education - at CERME 12 (Bolzano, Italy, 2-6 February 2022)

Just published:

- ALM: key-note <https://www.gecijferdheid.nl/adult-numeracy-practices-imperative-implications-for-education/>
- Springer: National Reflections on the Netherlands Didactics of Mathematics: <https://link.springer.com/book/10.1007/978-3-030-33824-4>
- ZDM: "Computer-based assessment of mathematics into the twenty-first century: pressures and tensions" <https://rdcu.be/Oz4e>



Mathematisation of Society - minidoc as part of Inaugural Lecture Kees Hoogland (2nd June 2021)

Numeracy • 10 weergaven • 1 week geleden

Mathematisation of Society - minidoc as part of Inaugural Lecture Kees Hoogland (2nd June, 2021)

Producer: Marleen Stoker at Mokermedia marleenstoker.com